THE GENEALOGY

OF THE

VAN DER POEL AND HIDDINGH FAMILIES,

OF THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE;

AND

THE FAMILY HISTORY

OF

THE ANTHING AND LIESCHING FAMILIES,

WITH THE RESPECTIVE

Pedigrees and Arms.

The Genealogy

OF THE

VAN DER POEL

AND

HIDDINGH FAMILIES,

OF THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

PIETER VAN DER POEL, Jonas Michiel's Son, born at Leyden (vide the letter of Pieter Van der Poel, Cornelis' Son, Brielle, South Holland, dated 7th May, 1877), was married, at the age of 26 years, to Johanna Viant, out of Amsterdam, aged 18½ years, at the Dutch Reformed Church, Cape of Good Hope, on the 12th of April, 1693, and had the following Children:—

Maria, born on the 7th February, 1694, died 23rd August, 1771, aged 77 years.

Jonas, born on the 29th December, 1695, died 4th July, 1756. ELSABE, born on the 17th October, 1698, died 14th July, —



The Ban der Poel Arms.



Seal of Lawrence Hiddingh (1630-1705) (Museum Assen)



ELIZABETH, born on the 6th October, 1699, died 17th May, — CATHARINA, born on the 7th September, 1704, died 11th May, 1705.

JOHANNA CATHARINA, born on the 25th June. 1706, died 10th August, 1733.

The above-named Pieter Van der Poel died, at the age of 48 years, on the 29th September, 1715, and his Wife, at the age of 40 years, on the 30th November, 1714.

Jonas Van der Poet, Pieter's Son, married on the 11th August, 1720, to Sophia Myburgh, born on the 27th September, 1702, whose Parents were Jan Lamberts Myburgh and Sophia Zants, and they had the following Children:—

Petrus, born 11th December, 1720, died 18th August, 1788.

Johannes, born 13th February, 1723, died 28th November, 1768.

Albertus, born 20th December, 1724.

Johanna Sophia, born 7th October, 1726.

Jonas, born 5th October, 1728, died 29th July, 1733.

Lambertus, born 24th May, 1730, died September, 1755.

Sophia, born 3rd July, 1732, died 11th April, 1745.

Cornelis, born 16th November, 1734.

Maria Elizabeth, born 21st April, 1739.

The above-named Jonas Van der Poel died on the 4th July, 1756, at the age of 61 years, and his Wife died in 1774, aged 72 years.

The Weignichman and Hiddingh aims quartered.

(Engrabed on a tombstone in the church at Rolde

where are luries:

Henry Weynichman = General Receiver of Brenthe 1624-1644 =

Dubbildina Hiddingh = his wife =)



Seal of William Fredoringh 1730-1788



The Hardren and Hiddingh Arms quartered.

Hidaingh and Kymmell

(married 1771)

CORNELIS VAN DER POEL, Jonas's Son, married on the 25th September, 1768, at the age of 34 years, to Elsje Elizabeth Myburgh, born on the 1st September, 1751, and had the following Children:—

JONAS, born 4th August, 1769, died 3rd October, 1769. .

JOHANNES ALBERTUS (Advocate), born 17th March, 1771.

Elsje Myburgh died in 1772, aged 21 years, and was buried in the Church at Stellenbosch. Her Parents were Johannes Albertus Myburgh and Sophia Morkel.

On the 15th August, 1773, the above-named Cornelis Van der Poel married his second Wife, Susanna Smuts, and had the following Children:—

Jonas, born 12th May, 1774.

Sophia, born 12th August, 1777, died 1852.

Anna Margaretha, born 24th October, 1780.

ANNA MARGARETHA VAN DER POEL, Cornelis' Daughter,
married on the 29th December, 1805, to Willem Hiddingh, (ex matre Kymmell)
Advocate and Judge of the Court of the Cape of Good Hope,
and had the foilowing Children:—

Susanna Cornella, born 12th March, 1807.

Willem, born 29th May, 1808.

Cornells, born 10th June, 1809.

Anna Margaretha Wilhelmina, born 18th June, 1811, died 25th August, 1813.



JONAS MICHIEL, born 21st August, 1813.

Petrus Hofstede, born 24th May, 1818, died 29th September, 1881, aged 64.

A DAUGHTER, born 7th May,-died 1820.

SOPHIA BARBARA ELIZABETH, born 25th April; 1822.

On the 29th August, 1839, Willem Hiddingh died, and on the 10th March, 1854, his Wife died,

Petrus Hofstede Hiddingh, Willem's Son, married Dorathea Wilhelmina Christina Anthing. Her Parents were Captain Anthing and Charlotte Liesching, and had the following Children:—

Anna Wilhelmina Margaretha Van der Poel Hiddingh. Charlotte Johanna Hiddingh.

WILLEM HIDDINGH.

Petrus Cornelis Van der Poel Hiddingh, born 17th January, 1857.

DORATHEA WILHELMINA CHRISTINA HIDDINGH.

JOHANNES MICHIEL HIDDINGH.

JONAS MICHIEL HIDDINGH.

Seal of William Hiddingh (1702-1769)

Theriff of de Hyti; Noe Kange, Pesse; Echten:

and Ansen:



The Anthing Arms.

Family Pistory.

THE ANTHING FAMILY.

THE GARDENS,

3rd March, 1879.

My mother's great-grandfather was Professor Siebert, House Physician to the reigning Duke of Stuttgardt, who was the patron of the Military School in that place, where young men were educated for the Army, and could take their Degree in the Army as Surgeons. Dr. Liesching, his son-in-law, studied for that profession, and contested the prize with Schiller, the poet, who was his contemporary. The latter, not caring for the study of medicine, was always acting his poems, which he composed for the benefit and amusement of his schoolfellows.

Professor Siebert had three daughters, the eldest of whom became the wife of Dr. Liesching. This marriage had been arranged by the Duke and his Physician, Professor Siebert, as often happened in those times. Dr. Liesching and wife came to the Cape, he being Surgeon and Practitioner in the Waldecker

Regiment, with the rank of Major. On arriving at the Cape and finding there a beautiful climate, and where he could get a good living, he settled in that town. His family consisted of four sons and four daughters. One of the sons studied as a Doctor, another as a Merchant, another late in life began the study of medicine and died in Europe, and the fourth became a Farmer. Of his daughters, one was married to Captain Anthing (our grandfather). He was Aide-de-Camp to his father, General Anthing, who touched at the Cape on his way to Java to take command of all the forces in that island. He was sent out to receive the place from the English, which was ceded to the Dutch by treaty. When he arrived they left it in the hands of the Governor, Van der Capellan, and also to him as Lieut.-Governor. This took place in 1818. General Anthing was married a second time to Baroness von Letts. He served under Napoleon the 1st in the Dutch Army. Being a soldier of ability and courage he was placed in good positions, and the Emperor, always trying to reward bravery, made him Baron Anthing, with some lands in Luxembourg, which, after the downfall of the former, were, of course, of no use to him. (The dictator of this can vouch for the truth of this statement, having seen the signature and seal of Napoleon herself; but the document to which they were affixed having been given into her brother's hands to take care of, he, in travelling, or by some mishap, lost it.) His son, Captain Anthing, after leaving Java, went to Holland with

I a very ancient family, mentioned already as scholaster at Vreden 1323-1367: Rodger Antyne.

his family, where he served in the Dutch Army. He was called out for active service in 1830 (being at the time Colonel of the Dutch Grenadiers), in Brussels, when the Belgians revolted against the Dutch and fought themselves free. His duty was to defend the Palace of the King and to fight against the rebels: He was highly esteemed by the then reigning Prince of Orange, afterwards William II., who had been Aide-de-Camp to the Duke of Wellington. Colonel Anthing's eldest son was educated for the Law, and after having finished his studies in Holland, as is customary, he presented himself to the then King of Holland, his father's friend, who kindly received him, and, enquiring after his mother (our grandmother), gave him a first-class appointment at Java, where he rose to the rank of President of the Court of Justice, on which he retired with a pension. Not wishing to be idle, but to lead a useful life, he devoted all his remaining energies to the spreading of the Gospel at Java. A shattered constitution having terminated the life of Colonel Anthing at the early age of 40, he was buried in Germany. His widow, having always a wish to return to her native land, did so in 1838, and was very much disappointed in finding the place much changed, in consequence of the emancipation of the slaves making several families very poor and causing many other changes. She had three daughters and two sons. The elder son studied Law, as we have already mentioned; the second son was an unsettled man, and could not settle down to any permanent

Being a clever man, he became Magistrate at Cradock and Kennard, but, for reasons unknown, he threw up this appointment, and went into the interior as a traveller. (It may be mentioned here that Colonel Anthing, their father, prior to his marriage with Charlotte Liesching, went into the Dutch Army as a reserve Guard to the Russian campaign and shared in all its dangers and hardships. As he was in a sledge, chased by Cossacks, he saved his life by speaking German; but the hardships and cold he suffered reduced him to such a state that he was for a long time in one of the hospitals in Russia, from which he again joined his regiment in Holland.) The eldest daughter married Dr. Borchards; the second, on her arrival at the Cape, · made the acquaintance of her cousin, Mr. Twycross, to whom she got engaged. He got a commission as Ensign in the Indian Army, when he left the Cape to join his regiment, After a year's time he was made Lieutenant, and sent for Miss Louisa Anthing, whom he married. Her life was a short one; for on the same day he received orders to join his regiment at the battle of Ferezpoor, on his taking leave, he had the inexpressible grief of seeing her expire, having been severely ill only two days. Four years afterwards he met a sudden death also. He and one of his fellow Officers were bathing in the river. His companion, not seeing him rise, found he had broken his neck in striking against a tree. He only lingered two days, and was very much regretted in the regiment. The third and youngest daughter married P. H.

Hiddingh, Esq., my father. They have four sons and three daughters, of whom I am the eldest. My aunt, Mrs. Borchards, had only one daughter, who married a Mr. Wilson, at Prince Albert. She has several children. Mrs. Twycross had no children; and my uncle Fritz married subsequently late in life, but was killed by a train in Java shortly afterwards, and uncle Louis, still at Kimberley, South Africa, never married.

One of the sisters of Miss Siebert, who became Mrs. Liesching, married Major Tchreishoen; a grand-daughter of his married Colonel Stoll in the Indian Army; his widow is living at present at Stuttgardt, she is my mother's second cousin; two of her brothers were killed at the siege of Paris, one of whom was found by a faithful servant in a petrified state amongst the slain, and safely brought to Stuttgardt, where he received military honours, the last honours being paid him by the reigning Duke, who placed a laurel wreath on his tomb. It is supposed, on good authority, that the family of the Sieberts are of very good origin. Their lands were in Alsace and Lorraine, when they belonged to the Germans, before they were taken by the French. They received a yearly rental for them from the Government. The Siebert family say they can trace their family back to the House of Hapsburg.

[Copy of an Article from a Newspaper of Cape Town.]

THE LATE DR. LIESCHING, SENIOR.

The Cape community has recently suffered a severe loss in the death of the late Dr. Liesching, Sen., of whom we are happy to lay the following particulars before our readers:—

F. L. Liesching, Sen., M.D., was born 12th August, 1758, in Würtemberg, only child of F. Liesching, M.D. He studied the medical profession at the Academy of Stüttgardt, as a private pupil of Duke Charles of Würtemberg, and during his stay received three times the medal for good conduct. In 1782 he graduated and obtained the Degree and Diploma of Doctor of Medicine. In 1784 he was appointed Physician to the District of Münzinger, and married the same year Louisa, eldest daughter of C. Siebert, M.D., Professor in Medicine at the University of Tübingen. In 1786 he was appointed Chirurgien Major and Principal Medical Officer to the Würtemberg Brigade, in which capacity he arrived in 1787 with the said Brigade at the Cape.

He was made prisoner of war at the surrender of the Cape in 1795, since which time he entered into private practice, in which he was eminently successful, owing to his great abilities, unremitted attention, and patience, being highly beloved by rich and poor, white and black, for his integrity, urbanity, docility, and equanimity of temper.

He was a good classical scholar, a great friend of music, cheer-

ful in company and full of anecdote, a kind husband, an excellent father, a warm friend, and a loyal subject.

F. L. LIESCHING, Sen., M.D., had by his wife, Louisa Siebest, four sons and four daughters.

The youngest daughter, Charlotte Johanna Godliebe, married in 1816 Johannes Philippus Anthing, Captain, Aide-de-Camp to his father, Lieut.-General Anthing, in the service of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, and he afterwards became Lieut.-Colonel of the Netherlands Royal Grenadier Guards.

Their youngest daughter, Dorathea, married Petrus Hofstede Hiddingh, Esq.

Lieut-General KARL HEINRICH WILHELM ANTHING was a German by birth, from Saxe-Couburg-Gotha, and his father was Minister of the Gospel. He married first a Dutch lady, by whom he had one son, the above-named Johannes Philippus, and two daughters. After her death he married a German lady, by whom he had no children. The descendants of one of General Anthing's brothers still reside at Saxe-Couburg-Gotha.

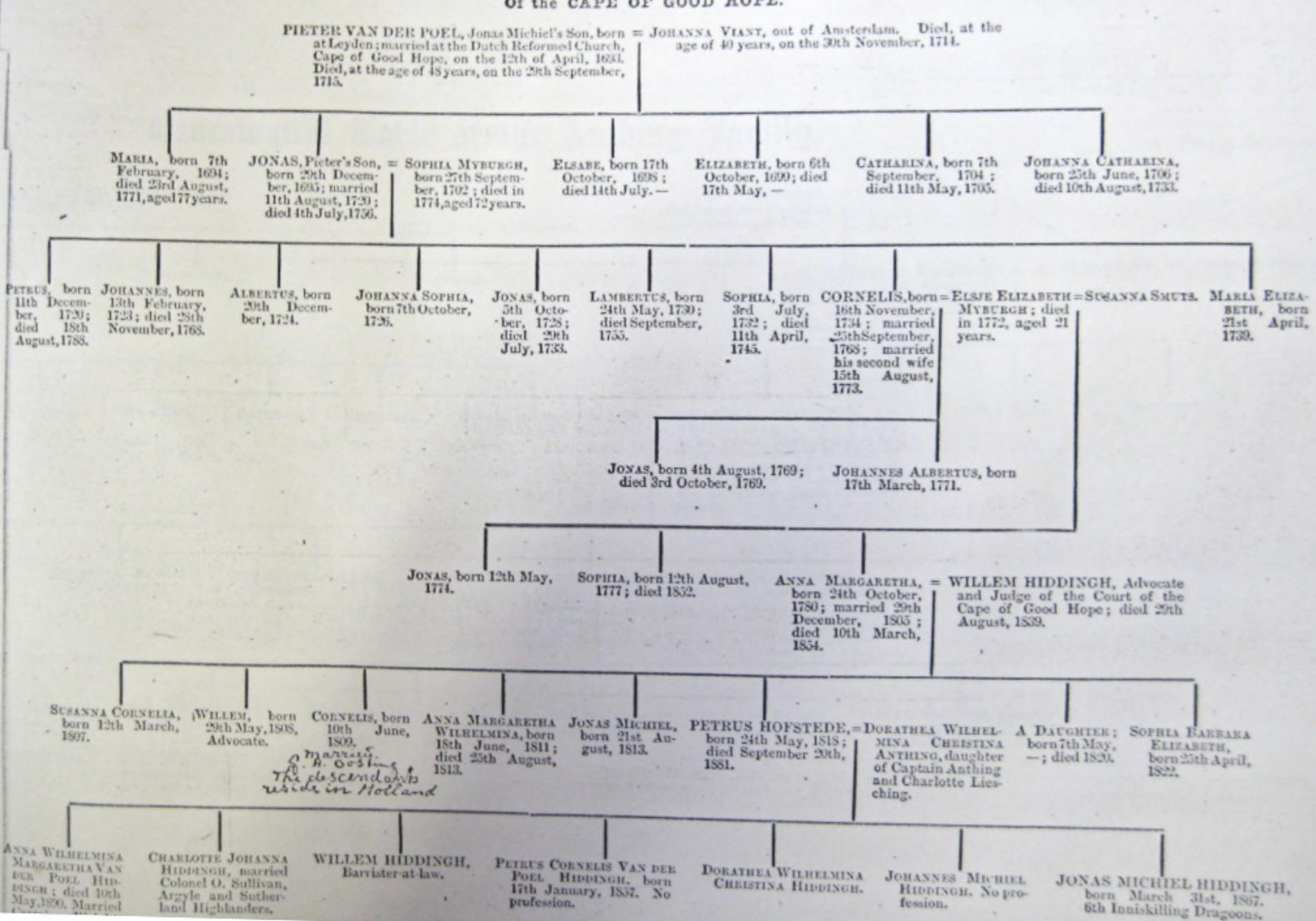
Louisa, eldest daughter of C. Siebert, had a sister or nicce, married to Mr. Schracshuhn, whose descendants still reside in Würtemberg.



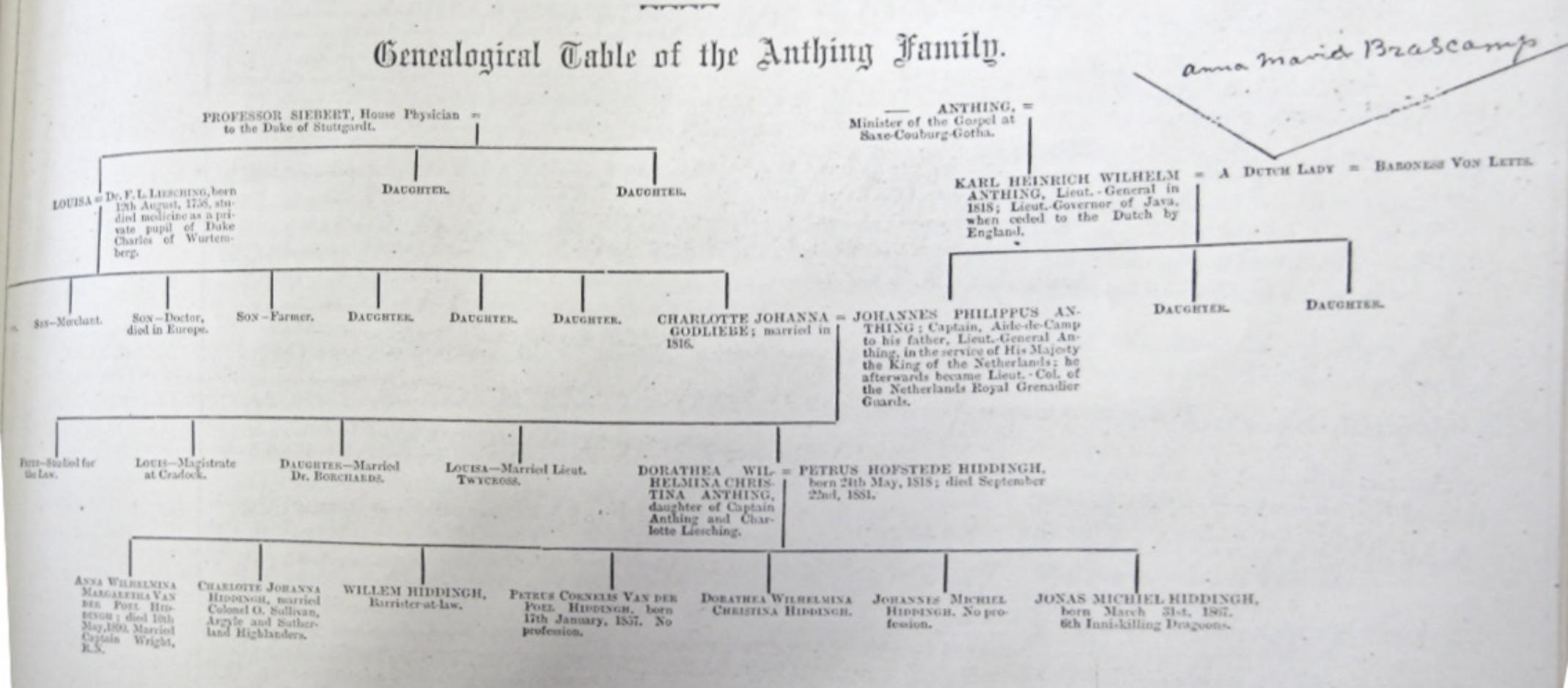
VAN DER POEL.

Genealogical Table of the Hiddingh Family,

Of the CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.



LIESCHING.



Sedigree of the Hiddingh Jamily of Frenthe I Johan John Hiddingh - Alard's son observed an adversary of the Bishop of Utreelt. His wife was I brop Holdingh fought with his brother Hermanus against growinger, a fown at that time unclear the saray of the Bishops of Wheelt (1415) Rolde (1466) marries tille Johan Hiddingh book about 1433. He was 5 heriff of Rolde (1466) marries tille Lunsche of Drenthe (1527). He died between 1531 and 1548 Inhavies Talle Desinck I Willem Hidewich born at Rolde 1503. Judge of the court of Douthe (1542)
He dies before 1554 marries Johanna (Jame) Vallete. Bastiaan (3elas tian) Hiddingh Corn at Rolale 1546 Judge of the court Drentle 11597). Deputy to the chamber of accounts (1603) married Deblet Luttringe. He dies at Rolale in 1609 and his wife dies in 1608. Til Johan Hiddingh born at Rolde 1579. Judie of the chart of Wrenthe (1611). Deputy to the chamber of accounts (1614) married Adma Hovinge and dies at Bonnen in 1637. (1636) dies at Bornen on the 21st July 1648, married d'amine Hilbinghands IX Willem Hiddelingh born at Bornen on the 9th April 1648 Member of the Diet of Brinthe 1682 marries admine Heminghe X Doctor Willem Middingh born 28th June 16 71 Advocate (1697) and member of the Diet of Druthe. He dies at Bouning 2th may 1705, married Johanne Wildervanck, born 20th September 16 70.

II DE Willem Hiddingh born at Bornen 30th April 1702. Sheriff of the Wife

[1729) married Elisabeth Hemsinck Born gt Telore ary 1767.

[1729) married Elisabeth Hemsinck Born gt Telore ary 1767. His Willen Hiddingh born at Thost & gth Jamory 1730. Theriff of the With The dies at thoseween 14th Whareh 17 88, and his wife dies on the 215 Jameary 1800. Will Dr. Willem Hiddingh born at Horgebeen 2,58 January 1773 Judge of the court
of the Cape of good Hope, married on the 29 the December 1805 to Anna Margarothe
Van der Poel Lorn 24th October 1780. He dies at Cape Town on the 25th August 1839, and his wife dies on the 10th march 1854.

(BRIGHTON HERALD OFFICE) - The genealogy of the Vab der Poel and Hiddingh families of the Cape of Good Hope, and the family history of the Anthing and Liesching families, with the respective pedigrees and arms (Brighton 1891). - Xerox copy.

Only one original copy of the book is known which is now in the library of the Koninklijk Nederlandsch Genootschap voor Geslacht- en Wapenkunde, the Hague, Netherlands. This is a xerox copy made from this only copy.